## Coping in Difficult Circumstances---Some Ideas to Consider

Seek out trustworthy people to talk to—a religious counselor, health care practitioner, social worker, an ombudsperson—and friends and family. Build support relationships—find a relevant support group. Consider some of the options below with a trusted person.

- If in doubt about truth or dishonesty, consider telling the truth
- Prepare ahead, in any way you can, for a situation you think will be tough
- Set a routine for yourself
- Take action, even small actions—between action and passivity, consider choosing action
- Plan in small bits, if necessary—to get through the next week, the next day, or the next hour
- If possible, find something wonderful in your life (children, art, memories, music, colors, photographs, taking care of another person, or a pet or a garden, etc.)
- Is there anything you can do to create alternatives to the situation you are in (an escape, a fallback position, keep thinking of options, keep weighing these options)?
- Exercise if you are able (dance, run, swim, bicycle or whatever), in such a way as to raise your heart rate continuously for at least half an hour a day. Not only will you be fitter but you may raise your endorphin level to help deal with pain
- Learn and practice relaxation or meditation
- If all else fails, consider practicing denial, or short periods of distraction from grief or pain

*LISTEN*: Whatever happens, imagine that it is "data." Keep a journal, write poetry, or do any other kind of writing or composition that reaffirms your discussion with yourself, drawing on your own values. These views and feelings may be shared with a few trusted others.

- Develop a theory about what is happening to you, to help explain the experience (this offers some possible sense of protection, a sense of being able to anticipate or predict what may happen next, a bit of control, a way to dispel the fear of the unknown and sense of helplessness.<sup>1</sup>)
- Develop a sense of humane stoicism. Try to maintain a sense inside yourself of sturdy values and
  caretaking. "Whom the gods would destroy, they first make mad "—try to avoid being forced into
  madness or bitterness, or rigidity.
- Use humor —it will help break up self-righteousness in yourself and others and may create a bond of sympathy in an otherwise rigid system, or with otherwise hostile colleagues.
- Do not tangle emotionally with people who do not have your best interests at heart. It will entangle you in the world-view of the Other and make it harder to keep your own identity— "never meet hostility with hostility."
- Reinforce your own identity and values to yourself, in any way you can, with friends and family and inside your own head: ("I am a fair person, " "I am a good parent, " "I am accountable," "I do excellent work," "I believe in my religion," "I live for music.")

These last five ideas are from Robert Jay Lifton, Thought Reform and the Psychology of Totalism, University of North Carolina Press, 1989.